HOUSE BILL No. 1363

DIGEST OF INTRODUCED BILL

Citations Affected: IC 33-37-3-2.

Synopsis: Waiver of certain court fees and court costs. Provides that if a person brings a civil action or petition for the appointment of a guardian, a clerk of a court may waive the payment of required fees or other court costs by the person without court approval if: (1) the person is represented by an attorney who is employed by a civil legal aid program or who is serving as a pro bono attorney; and (2) the attorney files a statement with the clerk that seeks relief from paying the required fees or other court costs and is accompanied by an approved affidavit of indigency.

Effective: July 1, 2009.

Van Haaften

January 13, 2009, read first time and referred to Committee on Courts and Criminal Code.





First Regular Session 116th General Assembly (2009)

PRINTING CODE. Amendments: Whenever an existing statute (or a section of the Indiana Constitution) is being amended, the text of the existing provision will appear in this style type, additions will appear in this style type, and deletions will appear in this style type.

Additions: Whenever a new statutory provision is being enacted (or a new constitutional provision adopted), the text of the new provision will appear in **this style type**. Also, the word **NEW** will appear in that style type in the introductory clause of each SECTION that adds a new provision to the Indiana Code or the Indiana Constitution.

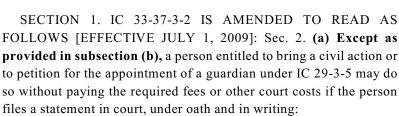
Conflict reconciliation: Text in a statute in *this style type* or *this style type* reconciles conflicts between statutes enacted by the 2008 Regular Session of the General Assembly.

C

HOUSE BILL No. 1363

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning courts and court officers.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Indiana:



- (1) declaring that the person is unable to make the payments or to give security for the payments because of the person's indigency;
- (2) declaring that the person believes that the person is entitled to the redress sought in the action; and
- (3) setting forth briefly the nature of the action.
- (b) If a person brings a civil action or petition for the appointment of a guardian under IC 29-3-5, a clerk may waive the payment of required fees or other court costs by the person without court approval if:
 - (1) the person is represented by an attorney:
 - (A) who is employed by Indiana Legal Services or another



1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

IN 1363—LS 6315/DI 69+

O

p

У

(B) who: (i) is serving as a pro bono attorney; and (ii) obtained the person as a client through a direct referral from a pro bono district associated with one (1) of the fourteen (14) administrative districts in Indiana established by the Indiana Rules of Court Administrative Rule 3(A); and (2) the attorney files a statement with the clerk that: (A) seeks relief from paying the required fees or other court costs; (B) declares that the person believes that the person is entitled to the redress sought in the action; (C) sets forth briefly the nature of the action; (D) is accompanied by an approved affidavit of indigency; and (E) is signed by the attorney. (c) This section does not prohibit a court from reviewing and modifying a finding of indigency by the court or a clerk if a person who received relief from the payment of required fees or other court costs ceases to qualify for the relief.	1	civil legal aid program; or	
(ii) obtained the person as a client through a direct referral from a pro bono district associated with one (1) of the fourteen (14) administrative districts in Indiana established by the Indiana Rules of Court Administrative Rule 3(A); and (2) the attorney files a statement with the clerk that: (A) seeks relief from paying the required fees or other court costs; (B) declares that the person believes that the person is entitled to the redress sought in the action; (C) sets forth briefly the nature of the action; (D) is accompanied by an approved affidavit of indigency; and (E) is signed by the attorney. (c) This section does not prohibit a court from reviewing and modifying a finding of indigency by the court or a clerk if a person who received relief from the payment of required fees or other	2	(B) who:	
referral from a pro bono district associated with one (1) of the fourteen (14) administrative districts in Indiana established by the Indiana Rules of Court Administrative Rule 3(A); and (2) the attorney files a statement with the clerk that: (A) seeks relief from paying the required fees or other court costs; (B) declares that the person believes that the person is entitled to the redress sought in the action; (C) sets forth briefly the nature of the action; (D) is accompanied by an approved affidavit of indigency; and (E) is signed by the attorney. (c) This section does not prohibit a court from reviewing and modifying a finding of indigency by the court or a clerk if a person who received relief from the payment of required fees or other	3	(i) is serving as a pro bono attorney; and	
of the fourteen (14) administrative districts in Indiana established by the Indiana Rules of Court Administrative Rule 3(A); and (2) the attorney files a statement with the clerk that: (A) seeks relief from paying the required fees or other court costs; (B) declares that the person believes that the person is entitled to the redress sought in the action; (C) sets forth briefly the nature of the action; (D) is accompanied by an approved affidavit of indigency; and (E) is signed by the attorney. (c) This section does not prohibit a court from reviewing and modifying a finding of indigency by the court or a clerk if a person who received relief from the payment of required fees or other	4	(ii) obtained the person as a client through a direct	
Rule 3(A); and (2) the attorney files a statement with the clerk that: (A) seeks relief from paying the required fees or other court costs; (B) declares that the person believes that the person is entitled to the redress sought in the action; (C) sets forth briefly the nature of the action; (D) is accompanied by an approved affidavit of indigency; and (E) is signed by the attorney. (c) This section does not prohibit a court from reviewing and modifying a finding of indigency by the court or a clerk if a person who received relief from the payment of required fees or other	5	referral from a pro bono district associated with one (1)	
Rule 3(A); and (2) the attorney files a statement with the clerk that: (A) seeks relief from paying the required fees or other court costs; (B) declares that the person believes that the person is entitled to the redress sought in the action; (C) sets forth briefly the nature of the action; (D) is accompanied by an approved affidavit of indigency; and (E) is signed by the attorney. (c) This section does not prohibit a court from reviewing and modifying a finding of indigency by the court or a clerk if a person who received relief from the payment of required fees or other	6	of the fourteen (14) administrative districts in Indiana	
(2) the attorney files a statement with the clerk that: (A) seeks relief from paying the required fees or other court costs; (B) declares that the person believes that the person is entitled to the redress sought in the action; (C) sets forth briefly the nature of the action; (D) is accompanied by an approved affidavit of indigency; and (E) is signed by the attorney. (c) This section does not prohibit a court from reviewing and modifying a finding of indigency by the court or a clerk if a person who received relief from the payment of required fees or other	7	established by the Indiana Rules of Court Administrative	
(A) seeks relief from paying the required fees or other court costs; (B) declares that the person believes that the person is entitled to the redress sought in the action; (C) sets forth briefly the nature of the action; (D) is accompanied by an approved affidavit of indigency; and (E) is signed by the attorney. (c) This section does not prohibit a court from reviewing and modifying a finding of indigency by the court or a clerk if a person who received relief from the payment of required fees or other	8	Rule 3(A); and	
11 court costs; 12 (B) declares that the person believes that the person is 13 entitled to the redress sought in the action; 14 (C) sets forth briefly the nature of the action; 15 (D) is accompanied by an approved affidavit of indigency; 16 and 17 (E) is signed by the attorney. 18 (c) This section does not prohibit a court from reviewing and 19 modifying a finding of indigency by the court or a clerk if a person 20 who received relief from the payment of required fees or other	9	(2) the attorney files a statement with the clerk that:	
12 (B) declares that the person believes that the person is 13 entitled to the redress sought in the action; 14 (C) sets forth briefly the nature of the action; 15 (D) is accompanied by an approved affidavit of indigency; 16 and 17 (E) is signed by the attorney. 18 (c) This section does not prohibit a court from reviewing and 19 modifying a finding of indigency by the court or a clerk if a person 20 who received relief from the payment of required fees or other	10	(A) seeks relief from paying the required fees or other	
entitled to the redress sought in the action; (C) sets forth briefly the nature of the action; (D) is accompanied by an approved affidavit of indigency; and (E) is signed by the attorney. (c) This section does not prohibit a court from reviewing and modifying a finding of indigency by the court or a clerk if a person who received relief from the payment of required fees or other	11	court costs;	
14 (C) sets forth briefly the nature of the action; 15 (D) is accompanied by an approved affidavit of indigency; 16 and 17 (E) is signed by the attorney. 18 (c) This section does not prohibit a court from reviewing and 19 modifying a finding of indigency by the court or a clerk if a person 20 who received relief from the payment of required fees or other	12	(B) declares that the person believes that the person is	
15 (D) is accompanied by an approved affidavit of indigency; 16 and 17 (E) is signed by the attorney. 18 (c) This section does not prohibit a court from reviewing and 19 modifying a finding of indigency by the court or a clerk if a person 20 who received relief from the payment of required fees or other	13	entitled to the redress sought in the action;	
and (E) is signed by the attorney. (c) This section does not prohibit a court from reviewing and modifying a finding of indigency by the court or a clerk if a person who received relief from the payment of required fees or other	14	(C) sets forth briefly the nature of the action;	
17 (E) is signed by the attorney. 18 (c) This section does not prohibit a court from reviewing and 19 modifying a finding of indigency by the court or a clerk if a person 20 who received relief from the payment of required fees or other	15	(D) is accompanied by an approved affidavit of indigency;	
18 (c) This section does not prohibit a court from reviewing and 19 modifying a finding of indigency by the court or a clerk if a person 20 who received relief from the payment of required fees or other	16	and	
modifying a finding of indigency by the court or a clerk if a person who received relief from the payment of required fees or other	17	(E) is signed by the attorney.	
who received relief from the payment of required fees or other	18	(c) This section does not prohibit a court from reviewing and	
	19	modifying a finding of indigency by the court or a clerk if a person	
court costs ceases to qualify for the relief.	20	who received relief from the payment of required fees or other	
V	21	court costs ceases to qualify for the relief.	
V			
V			
V			-
V			
V			
V			
			V

